

**Math 203, Problem Set 3. Due Wednesday, February 13.**

*Hand in either Problem 1 or Problem 2.*

**1. (Morphisms locally of finite type.)** Show that being a morphism locally of finite type is affine local on the target.

That is, show that if  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is a morphism locally of finite type, then for all affine open  $V \subset Y$ ,  $V = \text{Spec } B$ , the preimage  $f^{-1}(V)$  can be covered by affine open sets  $U_j = \text{Spec } A_j$  with  $A_j$  a finitely generated  $B$ -algebra.

**2. (Finite morphisms.)** Show that being a finite morphism is affine local on the target.

That is, show that if  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is finite, then for all affine open  $V \subset Y$ ,  $V = \text{Spec } B$ , the preimage  $f^{-1}(V)$  is affine  $\text{Spec } (A)$  with  $A$  a finite  $B$ -module.

Also show that any closed immersion is finite.

*Hand in Problem 3.*

**3. (Quasi-finite morphisms.)** A morphism  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is quasi-finite if its fibers are finite sets. (Often, one also asks that  $f$  be of finite type for base change property to hold).

Clearly, being quasi-finite is local on the target. In this problem, show that  $f$  finite implies  $f$  quasi-finite but the converse is false.

*Hand in one of Problem 4, 5 or 6.*

**4. (Separated morphisms.)** Show that the property of a morphism to be separated is affine-local on the target.

**5. (Proper morphisms.)** Show that the property of a morphism to be proper is affine-local on the target.

**6. (Quasi-compact morphisms.)** Show that the property of a morphism to be quasi-compact is affine local on the target.

*Hand in both Problem 7.*

**7. (Separated morphisms.)** Let  $X$  be separated over  $S$ , where  $S$  is affine. Show that if  $U, V$  are affine open in  $X$  then  $U \cap V$  is affine open as well.

*Hint:* Closed immersions, as defined in class, are automatically affine morphisms.