## Math 20E

## August 21, 2013

**Question 1** Given a parametrized surface  $\Phi: D \to \mathbb{R}^3$ .  $\Phi$  is *regular* at  $(u_0, v_0)$  means

- **A.** the vector  $\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v$  is normal to the surface  $S = \Phi(D)$  at  $(u_0, v_0)$ .
- \*B. the vector  $\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v$  is not zero at  $(u_0, v_0)$ .
- **C.** the surface  $S = \Phi(D)$  has a tangent plane at  $\Phi(u_0, v_0)$ .
- **D.**  $\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v$  at  $(u_0, v_0)$  is a unit vector.
- E. both B and C, since C follows from B.

**Question 2** The surface  $x^2 + y^2 + z = 1$  for  $z \ge 0$ is parametrized by  $\Phi : D \to \mathbb{R}^3$ , where D is the unit disk  $u^2 + v^2 \le 1$  and  $\Phi(u, v) = (u, v, 1 - u^2 - v^2)$ . Then,  $T_u \times T_v = (2u, 2v, 1)$  and

- **A.**  $\Phi$  is a one-to-one mapping of D onto  $S = \Phi(D)$ .
- **B.** The parametrized surface  $\Phi$  is regular at every point of *S*.
- **C.** The surface  $S = \Phi(D)$  has a tangent plane at every point of S.
- \*D. A, B and C
- E. none of the above

**Question 3** The surface  $x^2 + y^2 + z = 1$  for  $z \ge 0$  is parametrized by  $\Psi : R \to \mathbb{R}^3$ , where R is the rectangle  $[0,1] \times [0,2\pi]$  and  $\Psi(u,v) = (u\cos(v), u\sin(v), 1 - u^2)$ . Then,  $\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v = u(2u\cos(v), 2u\sin(v), u)$  and

- **A.**  $\Psi$  is a one-to-one mapping of R onto  $S = \Psi(R)$ .
- **B.** The parametrized surface  $\Psi$  is regular at every point of *S*.
- \*C. The surface  $S = \Psi(R)$  has a tangent plane at every point of S.
- D. A, B and C
- E. none of the above