

Math 20E

August 6, 2015

**Question 1** If  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  is enclosed by continuous curves  $y = \phi_1(x)$  and  $y = \phi_2(x)$  with  $\phi_1(x) < y < \phi_2(x)$  for  $a \leq x \leq b$ , with  $c = [\phi_1]_{\min}$  and  $d = [\phi_2]_{\max}$ , then

- A.  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \iint_R f^*(x, y) dA$ , where the rectangle  $R = [a, b] \times [c, d]$  and  

$$f^*(x, y) = \begin{cases} f(x, y) & \text{if } (x, y) \in D \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}.$$
- B.  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \int_{x=a}^b \int_{y=\phi_1(x)}^{\phi_2(x)} f(x, y) dy dx.$
- \*C. Both A and B
- D. Neither A nor B

**Question 2** If  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  is **y-simple**, then

- \***A.**  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \int_{x=a}^b \int_{y=\phi_1(x)}^{\phi_2(x)} f(x, y) dy dx$  for some functions  $\phi_1, \phi_2$  and constants  $a, b$ .
- B.**  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \int_{y=c}^d \int_{x=\psi_1(y)}^{\psi_2(y)} f(x, y) dx dy$  for some functions  $\psi_1, \psi_2$  and constants  $c, d$ .
- C.** Both **A** and **B**
- D.** Neither **A** nor **B**

**Question 3** If  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  is **simple**, then

- A.**  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \int_{x=a}^b \int_{y=\phi_1(x)}^{\phi_2(x)} f(x, y) dy dx$  for some functions  $\phi_1, \phi_2$  and constants  $a, b$ .
- B.**  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \int_{y=c}^d \int_{x=\psi_1(y)}^{\psi_2(y)} f(x, y) dx dy$  for some functions  $\psi_1, \psi_2$  and constants  $c, d$ .
- C.**  $D$  is both  $x$ -simple and  $y$ -simple.
- \***D. A, B and C**
- E.** Neither **A, B** nor **C**