Math 20F Midterm Exam 2 February 25, 2014 ...

Version A

Instructions

- 1. No calculators or other electronic devices are allowed during this exam.
- 2. You may use one page of notes, but no books or other assistance during this exam.
- 3. Write your Name, PID, and Section on the front of your Blue Book.
- 4. Write the Version of your exam on the front of your Blue Book.
- 5. Write your solutions clearly in your Blue Book
 - (a) Carefully indicate the number and letter of each question and question part.
 - (b) Present your answers in the same order they appear in the exam.
 - (c) Start each question on a new side of a page.
- 6. Read each question carefully, and answer each question completely.
- 7. Show all of your work; no credit will be given for unsupported answers.
- 0. (1 point) Carefully read and complete the instructions at the top of this exam sheet and any additional instructions given during the exam.

1. (6 points) Given the 4 × 5 matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 5 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
.
 A is row equivalent to the matrix $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

Find a basis for each of the following subspaces associated with the matrix A:

- (a) (1 point) Col(A), the column space of A.
- (b) (1 point) Row(A), the row space of A.
- (c) (3 points) Nul(A), the null space of A.
- (d) (1 point) Col (A^T) , the column space of A^T .

Exam continues with Problems 2 - 4 on the other side of this sheet.

2. (6 points) Given the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. A can be row-reduced to the identity matrix with a sequence of three elementary row operations as follows:

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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Write down the elementary matrices E_1 , E_2 , E_3 corresponding to the elementary row operations 1, 2, 3 indicated above.
- (b) Express A^{-1} as a product of elementary matrices.
- (c) Compute A^{-1} .
- 3. (6 points) Let A be a $m \times n$ matrix and B a $n \times p$ matrix. Suppose that the $m \times p$ matrix C = AB has the property that $C\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ has only the trivial solution. Find dim Col(B), the dimension of the column space of B. Be sure to justify your answer.
- 4. (6 points) Given \mathcal{U} and \mathcal{W} subspaces of a vector space V. Is the union $\mathcal{U} \cup \mathcal{W}$ a subspace of V? Why or why not?