Instructions

- 1. Write your Name, PID, Section, and Exam Version on the front of your Blue Book.
- 2. No calculators or other electronic devices are allowed during this exam.
- 3. You may use one page of notes, but no books or other assistance during this exam.
- 4. Read each question carefully, and answer each question completely.
- 5. Write your solutions clearly in your Blue Book.
 - (a) Carefully indicate the number and letter of each question and question part.
 - (b) Present your answers in the same order as they appear in the exam.
 - (c) Start each numbered problem on a new side of a page.
- 6. Show all of your work. No credit will be given for unsupported answers, even if correct.
- 7. Write Name & PID on this exam sheet and return inside front cover of your Blue Book.
- 0. (1 point) Carefully read and complete the instructions at the top of this exam sheet and any additional instructions written on the chalkboard during the exam.
- 1. (6 points) The two lines $\mathbf{r_1}(t) = \langle 1+t, 2-3t, 3-2t \rangle$ and $\mathbf{r_2}(t) = \langle 1+2t, 2+2t, 3-t \rangle$ intersect at a point. Find an equation for the plane that contains both of these lines.
- 2. (6 points) Consider the vectors $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} 2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{w} = 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} \mathbf{k}$.
 - (a) Compute $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}$.
 - (b) Determine the area of the parallelogram spanned by \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} .
 - (c) Find a unit vector that is orthogonal to both \mathbf{v} and $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}$.
- 3. (6 points) Evaluate $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{2x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ or explain why it does not exit.
- 4. (6 points) Points (0,0,0), (3,6,-2), (5,7,0), and (2,1,2) are the vertices of a parallelogram.
 - (a) Find the two angles of the parallelogram. (You may leave you answer in terms of arccosine.)
 - (b) Verify that the given four points do indeed lie on the same plane. (That is, show that the points are coplanar.)