

Homework #3

1. Find an approximation scheme for $f'(a)$ using the stencil $a - h, a, a + h$. What is the order of the absolute error?
2. Let $f(x) = \sin x$. So $f''(x) = -\sin x$. Consider second order central differencing,

$$f''(a) \approx \frac{f(a+h) - 2f(a) + f(a-h)}{h^2}.$$

Choose $a = 1$.

- (a) Make a table with the approximated values, exact values, and absolute errors when $h = 0.1, 0.05, 0.025, 0.0125, 0.00625$, are used.
- (b) Let $E(h)$ denote the absolute error. Find $E(h)/E(h/2)$ for $h = 0.1, 0.05, 0.025, 0.0125$. What would you guess to be

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{E(h)}{E(h/2)}?$$

- (c) How does this agree with the fact that the absolute error should be $\mathcal{O}(h^2)$?
3. Find an approximation scheme for $f''(a)$ using the stencil $a, a + h, a + 2h$. What is the order of the absolute error?
4. Consider an equally spaced grid with stepsize $h = 0.2$ over the interval $[0, 1]$. For each of the following functions, write down the discretized function as a vector.
 - (a) $u(x) = x^2$.
 - (b) $u(x) = \sin \pi x$.
 - (c) $u(x) = e^x$.
5. Using the fact that

$$\begin{aligned} u_i &= u(x_i) \\ \frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{h} &\approx u'(x_i) \\ \frac{u_i - u_{i-1}}{h} &\approx u'(x_i) \\ \frac{u_{i+1} - u_{i-1}}{2h} &\approx u'(x_i) \\ \frac{u_{i+1} - 2u_i + u_{i-1}}{h^2} &\approx u''(x_i) \end{aligned}$$

Determine what the following expressions are approximating as $h \rightarrow 0$.

- (a) $4 \left(\frac{u_{i+1} - u_{i-1}}{2h} \right) \left(\frac{u_{i+1} - 2u_i + u_{i-1}}{h^2} \right) - 3u_i \left(\frac{u_i - u_{i-1}}{h} \right) + x_i^3 - 2x_i + 1.$
- (b) $2 \left(\frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{h} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{h} + \frac{u_i - u_{i-1}}{h} \right] - \sin x_i.$
- (c) $-\frac{\sqrt{x_i}}{u_i} + h \left(\frac{u_{i+1} - 2u_i + u_{i-1}}{h^2} \right) + \frac{u_{i-1} + u_{i+1}}{2}.$

6. Suppose we are considering periodic functions in $[0, 2\pi]$ discretized on a grid with stepsize $\pi/2$. Write down the matrix corresponding to the following operations on when the discretized functions are viewed as vectors.
- first order forward differencing to approximate the first derivative.
 - first order backward differencing to approximate the first derivative.
 - second order central differencing to approximate the first derivative.
 - second order central differencing to approximate the second derivative.
7. Suppose we are considering periodic functions in $[0, 2\pi]$ discretized on a grid with stepsize $\pi/2$. Write down the matrix corresponding to the following operations on when the discretized functions are viewed as vectors.
- first order forward differencing to approximate the first derivative and second order central differencing to approximate the second derivative in $u'' - u'$.
 - first order backward differencing to approximate the first derivative and second order central differencing to approximate the second derivative in $u'' + u' + 2u$.
 - second order central differencing to approximate the first derivative and second order central differencing to approximate the second derivative in $u'' + u' - u^2$.

8. Consider the ODE

$$\begin{aligned} u' &= -3u + t \quad t \in [1, 2] \\ u(1) &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Use Euler's method:

$$U_{i+1} = U_i + h(-3U_i + t_i)$$

with stepsize $h = 0.2$ to write down the discretized function approximating the solution u as a vector.

- (b) Count the number of additions/subtractions you had to perform in part (a).

9. Download "eulerproblem.m" from the course website. You can run the program in Matlab, for example, by

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>> eulerproblem(5)
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and try other numbers instead of 5. Explain what the program is doing. Also, by continually halving the stepsize, for example, running

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>> eulerproblem(10)
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>> eulerproblem(20)
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and so on, write down the resulting absolute errors and guess its order.