

## 1. Cup products.

- Suppose a space  $X$  has an open cover  $X = \bigcup_{i=1}^n U_i$  such that each inclusion  $U_i \hookrightarrow X$  is nullhomotopic. Show that all  $n$ -fold cup products vanish in  $H^*(X; \mathbb{Z})$ .
- Show that all cup products are trivial on  $\Sigma X$  for any space  $X$ .
- Show that if  $M$  is a closed manifold with the homotopy type of a suspension. Show that  $M$  has the integral cohomology of a sphere.
- Compute the cohomology rings  $H^*(\mathbb{C}P^n; \mathbb{Z})$  and  $H^*(\mathbb{R}P^n; \mathbb{Z}/2)$ . What are  $H^*(\mathbb{C}P^\infty; \mathbb{Z})$  and  $H^*(\mathbb{R}P^\infty; \mathbb{Z}/2)$ ?
- Compute the cohomology rings  $H^*(T; \mathbb{Z}/2)$  and  $H^*(K; \mathbb{Z}/2)$ , where  $T$  is the torus and  $K$  is the Klein bottle.

2. Degrees of maps between manifolds. For a map  $f : M \rightarrow N$  between  $n$ -dimensional orientable manifolds, we can define the degree of  $f$  by the equation

$$f_*([M]) = \deg(f) \cdot [N]$$

where  $[M] \in H_n(M; \mathbb{Z})$  and  $[N] \in H_n(N; \mathbb{Z})$  are their fundamental classes.

- Show that a self-homotopy equivalence  $f : \mathbb{C}P^{2n} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^{2n}$  must have degree  $+1$ . Note that this implies that  $\mathbb{C}P^k$  does not admit an orientation-reversing homeomorphism if  $k$  is even.
- Suppose  $k > 0$  and  $l > 0$ . Show that any map  $f : S^{k+l} \rightarrow S^k \times S^l$  must have degree zero.
- Let  $M_i$  denote the closed orientable surface of genus  $i$ . Show that there is a map  $f : M_g \rightarrow M_h$  with  $\deg(f) = 1$  if and only if  $g \geq h$ .

## 3. Standard qual questions.

- Show that  $\mathbb{R}P^3$  is not homotopy equivalent to  $\mathbb{R}P^2 \vee S^3$ .
- Suppose  $M$  is a  $2k$ -dimensional closed orientable manifold. Suppose that  $H_{k-1}(M; \mathbb{Z})$  is torsion-free. Show that  $H_k(M; \mathbb{Z})$  is torsion-free.
- Using the fundamental class in  $\mathbb{Z}/2$  homology, there is an obvious definition of the mod 2 degree for a continuous map between closed manifolds (not necessarily oriented). Show that there is no map of nonzero mod 2-degree between the Klein bottle and the torus, in either direction.
- Give an example of a space  $X$  such that  $H^i(X; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $i$ , and such that the cohomology ring  $H^*(X; \mathbb{Z})$  is finitely generated.
- Let  $M$  be a compact manifold with boundary. Show that  $M$  does not retract onto  $\partial M$ .
- Suppose  $M$  is a compact orientable contractible manifold with boundary. Show that  $\partial M$  has the integral homology of a sphere.
- Let  $M$  be an odd dimensional closed manifold. Show that the Euler characteristic  $\chi(M)$  vanishes. (Hint: First define the “mod 2 Euler characteristic.”)

- (h) Prove that  $\mathbb{R}P^2$  is not the boundary of a compact 3-manifold. (Hint: Suppose there is such an  $M$ . Glue two copies of  $M$  together along their common boundary and then use part (g).)

**4. Orientability.**

- (a) Show that  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  is orientable if and only if  $n$  is odd.
- (b) Suppose  $X$  is a topological group which is also a manifold. Show that  $X$  is orientable.
- (c) Suppose  $M$  is a compact  $\mathbb{Z}/3$ -orientable manifold. Show that  $M$  is orientable.
- (d) Show that  $M \times N$  is orientable if and only if  $M$  and  $N$  are orientable.
- (e) Show that any covering space of an orientable manifold is orientable. You may assume that the covering space is a manifold (though you should probably know how to prove this for the qual). Note that this is another proof that no genus 2 surface can cover the torus, as in 1.(c) from the first problem set, since by the Euler characteristic calculation, such a surface would be non-orientable.