Math 184, Winter 2022 Homework 4 Due: Friday, Feb. 11 by 11:59PM via Gradescope (late homework will not be accepted)

Explanations should be given for your solutions. Use complete sentences.

(1) If
$$\sum_{n \ge 0} a_n x^n = \frac{2 + 3x^2 - 2x^3}{(1 - 5x)^5}$$
, find a closed formula for a_n .

(2) Define a sequence by

$$a_0 = 1,$$
 $a_1 = 3,$ $a_n = 8a_{n-1} - 16a_{n-2} + 3^n$ for $n \ge 2.$

- (a) Express $A(x) = \sum_{n \ge 0} a_n x^n$ as a rational function in x.
- (b) Find a closed formula for a_n .
- (3) Let S(n,k) be the Stirling number of the second kind. For each $k \ge 1$, define the ordinary generating function

$$\mathbf{S}_k(x) = \sum_{n \ge 0} S(n,k) x^n.$$

(a) For $k \ge 2$, translate the identity from lecture

$$S(n,k) = S(n-1, k-1) + k \cdot S(n-1, k)$$

into an identity involving $\mathbf{S}_k(x)$ and $\mathbf{S}_{k-1}(x)$.

(b) Use the identity you found in (a) and induction on k to show that for all $k \ge 1$:

$$\mathbf{S}_k(x) = \frac{x^k}{(1-x)(1-2x)\cdots(1-kx)}.$$

(4) You want to build a stack of blocks that is n feet high. You have 3 different kinds (unlimited of each): green blocks are 1 foot high, while red and blue blocks are 2 feet high. Blocks of the same color are considered indistinguishable. Let a_n be the number of ways to stack these blocks.

Find a linear recurrence relation and initial conditions satisfied by a_n .

- (5) You are designing a race that takes place over n blocks in a city. It will consist of 3 portions: running, followed by biking, and ending with another running portion. The end of a portion should match up with the end of a block. The first running portion needs to designate 3 blocks to have a first aid tent, and the biking portion needs to designate 4 blocks to have a first aid tent. The second running portion doesn't need anything, but must have positive length. Use generating functions to find a formula for the number of ways to design a race under these conditions.
- (6) Let n be a positive integer and let a_n be the number of different ways to pay n dollars using only 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 dollar bills in which at most three 20 dollar bills are used. Express A(x) = ∑_{n>0} a_nxⁿ as a rational function.