

APPLIED ALGEBRA QUALIFYING EXAM – SPRING 2009

This part of the Applied Algebra exam will be scaled to make up 60% of the whole exam. The problems have the same value, except for the last one which will count more. Try to do as many problems as possible.

- Let  $p_n = \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} \sigma$  and let  $d$  be the diagonal matrix with diagonal entries  $x_1, \dots, x_N$ , where  $V = \mathbf{C}^N$ . The matrix  $d$  acts on each factor of  $V^{\otimes n}$ , thereby defining a linear action on  $V^{\otimes n}$ . The action of  $S_n$  on  $V^{\otimes n}$  is given via permuting the tensor factors.
  - Calculate  $\text{Tr}_{V^{\otimes n}}(p_n d)$ .
  - The value of  $\text{Tr}_{V^{\otimes 10}}((p_4 \otimes p_4 \otimes p_2)d)$  can be written as a linear combination of Schur functions. Calculate the coefficient of  $s_{[6,3,1]}$ .
  - Calculate the multiplicity of the simple  $S_{10}$  module  $S^{[3,3,3,1]}$  in  $V^{\otimes 10}$  for  $\dim(V) = N = 5$  and for  $N = 3$ .
- Let  $e_r$  be the  $r$ -th elementary symmetric function in the variables  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ .
  - Show that the determinant of  $(\partial e_i / \partial x_j)_{1 \leq i, j \leq n}$  is a homogeneous polynomial and calculate its degree.
  - Calculate the determinant.
- Let  $\rho : G \rightarrow \text{Gl}(V)$  be a representation of the finite group  $G$  into the group  $\text{Gl}(V)$  of invertible linear maps on the vector space  $V$ .
  - Show that also the map  $\hat{\rho} : g \in G \mapsto \rho(g^{-1})^t$  defines a representation, where  $^t$  means the transpose of a matrix.
  - Let  $\chi_\rho$  and  $\chi_{\hat{\rho}}$  be the characters of  $\rho$  and  $\hat{\rho}$ . Show that  $\chi_{\hat{\rho}}(g) = \bar{\chi}_\rho(g)$  (i.e. the complex conjugate) for all  $g \in G$ .
  - Let  $V$  be a simple  $G$ -module. Show: If  $W$  is a simple  $G$  module such that the trivial representation occurs in  $V \otimes W$ , then  $W$  must be isomorphic to the representation defined in (a).
- Let  $f_1 = x^2 y^2 - x$  and  $f_2 = x^3 y - 1$ .
  - Calculate a Gröbner basis for  $\langle f_1, f_2 \rangle \cap k[x]$  and for  $\langle f_1, f_2 \rangle$ , where  $\langle f_1, f_2 \rangle$  is the ideal in  $k[x, y]$  generated by  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ .
  - What is the variety  $V(f_1, f_2) = \{(a, b), f(a, b) = 0, f \in \langle f_1, f_2 \rangle\}$  for  $k = \mathbf{C}$ ?
- Let  $G$  be the subgroup of  $S_4$  generated by the permutations (12) and (34), and let  $V$  be the simple representation of  $S_4$  labeled by the Young diagram  $[2, 1, 1]$ .
  - Calculate the Molien series of  $k[x_1, x_2, x_3]^G$ .
  - Let  $\tilde{G} \cong \mathbf{Z}/2 \times \mathbf{Z}/2$  with generators  $g_1$  and  $g_2$ , and let  $W$  be the three-dimensional  $\tilde{G}$  module with basis  $w_1, w_2, w_3$  such that the action of  $G$  is given by

$$g_1 w_i = \begin{cases} -w_i & \text{if } i=1,2, \\ w_3 & \text{if } i=3, \end{cases} \quad g_2 w_i = \begin{cases} w_1 & \text{if } i=1, \\ -w_i & \text{if } i=2,3. \end{cases}$$

Write down a Hironaka decomposition for  $k[y_1, y_2, y_3]^{\tilde{G}}$ .

- Find presentations of the rings  $k[y_1, y_2, y_3]^{\tilde{G}}$  and  $k[x_1, x_2, x_3]^G$  via generators and relations.